

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231

	ſ	SERIAL NUMBER FILING	DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	AT	TORNEY DOCKET NO.
		Perio (2011 - 1752) - 0.3	STAND CLAR		141	
	١	- HERBERT C. ERTA HODEL HOLFS	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	٦	EXAMINER	
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		Care and the spe	4931 <u>1</u>		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
					7 2.5	<u> </u>
					DATE MAILED:	93/31/03
		This is a communication from the				
		COMMISSIONE	R OF PATENTS AND TRA	ADEMARKS		
A sho	ortene	pplication has been examined d statutory period for response to the respond within the period for respon	nis action is set to expire.		ys from the date of this	is made final.
Part 1. 3. 5.	簽	THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENT Notice of References Cited by Exa Notice of Art Cited by Applicant, Information on How to Effect Draw	miner, PTO-892. PTO-1449	2. Notice re Patent	Orawing, PTO-948. I Patent Application, F	Form PTO-152
Part I	II	SUMMARY OF ACTION	+ 2 -	,		
1.	×	Claims	10 23		are pending	in the application.
	•	Of the above, claims			are withdraw	n from consideration.
2.		Claims			have been c	ancelled.
3.		Claims			are allowed.	
4.	汝	Claims/	To 25		are rejected.	
5.		Claims			are objected	to.
6.		Claims		are sub	ject to restriction or e	lection requirement.
7.		This application has been filed wi matter is indicated.	th informal drawings which	n are acceptable for examination	purposes until such tim	ne as allowable subject
8.		Allowable subject matter having be	en indicated, formal draw	ings are required in response to	this Office action.	
9.		The corrected or substitute drawin not acceptable (see explanation		The	se drawings are ac	cceptable;
10.		The proposed drawing correcting has (have) been approved by	the examiner disappr	oved by the examiner (see expla	nation).	
11.		The proposed drawing correction, filed, has been approved disapproved (see explanation). However, the Patent and Trademark Office no longer makes drawing changes. It is now applicant's responsibility to ensure that the drawings are corrected. Corrections MUST be effected in accordance with the instructions set forth on the attached letter "INFORMATION ON HOW TEFFECT DRAWING CHANGES", PTO-1474.				
12.	. 🗆	Acknowledgment is made of the cl	aim for Priority under 35 U	.S.C. 119. The certified copy ha	been received	not been received
		been filed in parent applicati	on, serial no	; filed on		
13.	. 🗆	Since this application appears to accordance with the practice unde	ne in condition for alloward r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 (	ce except for formal matters, pro C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.	secution as to the meri	ts is closed in
14.	. 🗆	Other				

Art Unit 125

Claims 1 to 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.

112, first and second paragraphs, as the claimed invention is not described in such full, clear, concise and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to make and use the same, and/or for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Sclaims 1 to 16 are vague, indefinite and too broad in failing to recite the reason or purpose for treating the eye. Also, some of the claims fail to recite the amounts of perfluorocarbon employed. Claim 4 is vague and indefinite since it not clear when the vitreous is removed (before or after the perfluorocarbon is introduced). Claims 17 to 19 are vague and indefinite as to what constitutes the repairing. Claims 20 to 22 are vague and indefinite in failing to recite the amounts of perfluorocarbons employed. Claims 23 to 25 are vague and indefinite in failing to recite the purpose or reason for treating the eye.

The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing insufficient exemplary matter to support "treating an eye", "a perfluorocarbon or substituted derivative thereof"

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"brominated perfluorocarbon" and "iodinated perfluorocarbon". This paragraph of the statute requires that the specification shall contain a written description of the invention and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1 to 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, for the reasons set forth in the objection to the specification.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject

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matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 20 to 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.

103 as being unpatentable over Wada who teaches perfluorocarbons to be old X-ray contrast agents.

Hence, it is obvious to employ them is various X-ray contrast methods, in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Claims 1 to 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Vygantas et al AS+AR and Lincoff et al who teach the treatment of eyes with perfluorocarbons. Note that the claims are not directed to liquid perfluorocarbons, but to liquids comprising perfluorocarbons.

FWaddell:adj

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EXAMINER
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